IN THE CLAIMS

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application.

1. (previously presented) A method comprising:

receiving a serial data stream;

sampling each data unit in the data stream N times to obtain multiple data samples per data unit;

detecting edge transitions between adjacent data samples; and selecting a first data sample, from among the multiple data samples and representative of the current data unit, based on the location of edge transitions over the current and previous data cycles and the location of an ideal data sample to perform data recovery.

- 2. (previously presented) The method of claim 1 wherein the selected first data sample is determined by the edge transition in the previous or current data cycles which is closest to the ideal data sample.
- 3. (original) The method of claim 1 wherein the N samples per data unit are taken at different locations along the cycle of each data unit.

4. (previously presented) The method of claim 1 wherein the ideal data

sample is within the current data unit cycle and a distance of N samples from the

previously selected data sample.

5. (previously presented) The method of claim 1 wherein selecting the

data sample includes,

selecting the first data sample to lie in the direction

of the mid-point between the detected edge transition and the next expected edge

transition and a distance of N-1, N, or N+1 samples from a previously selected data

sample, whichever is closest to the mid-point.

6. (previously presented) The method of claim 1 wherein selecting the first

data sample based on the location of edge transitions over the current and previous

data unit cycles includes selecting a data sample based on 2*N consecutive data

samples across the current data unit cycle and the previous data unit cycle.

7. (previously presented) The method of claim 1 wherein if no edge transitions

are detected the selected first data sample is the ideal data sample.

8. (previously presented) The method of claim 1 wherein if only one edge

transition is detected, that edge transition determines the selected first data sample.

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Application No.09/965,229 Amdt. dated Sept. 10, 2004 Reply to Office action of June 10, 2004 9. (previously presented) The method of claim 1 wherein if multiple edge transitions are detected and all correspond to the same data sample, then that data

sample is selected as the first data sample.

10. (previously presented) The method of claim 1 wherein if multiple data

edge transitions are detected and they correspond to different data samples, then

the selected first data sample is the ideal data sample.

11. (original) The method of claim 1 further comprising:

maintaining a list of the M previous selected data samples, where M is an

integer value.

12. (previously presented) The method of claim 1 wherein in selecting the first

data sample, as between two equally likely data sample locations, the data sample

location most recently selected in previous cycles is chosen.

13. (previously presented) An apparatus comprising:

a sampling device to sample data units of a serial data stream N times at

different points in each data unit, where N is an integer value;

an edge detector coupled to the sampling device to detect edge transitions

between consecutive data unit samples; and a selection controller coupled to the

edge detector to receive detected edge transitions from the edge detector and

select a first data sample to represent the current data unit according a predefined decision algorithm for data correction employing the current and previous data unit

cycles and an ideal current data sample.

14. (previously presented) The apparatus of claim 13 wherein the ideal

current data sample is located within the current data unit cycle and a distance of N

samples from a previously selected second data sample in the previous data unit

cycle.

15. (original) The apparatus of claim 13 wherein the value of N is six.

16. (previously presented) The apparatus of claim 13 wherein the selection

controller selects the first data sample based on a first edge transition for either the

previous or current data cycles, whichever edge transition is closest to the ideal

current data sample.

17. (previously presented) The apparatus of claim 13 wherein the selection

controller selects the first data sample to lie in the direction of the mid-point between

a detected first edge transition and a next expected edge transition and a distance of

-1, 0, or +1 samples from the ideal data sample location, whichever is closest to the

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mid-point.

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18. (previously presented) The apparatus of claim 13 wherein if no edge

transitions are detected by the edge detector, the selection controller selects the

ideal data sample location to obtain the first data sample.

19. (previously presented) The apparatus of claim 13 wherein if only one

edge transition is detected by the edge detector then the selection controller selects

the first data sample to lie in the direction of the mid-point between a detected first

edge transition and a next expected edge transition and a distance of -1, 0, or +1

samples from the ideal data sample location, whichever is closest to the mid-point.

20. (previously presented) The apparatus of claim 13 wherein if multiple edge

transitions are detected by the edge detector and all transitions correspond to the

same first data sample, then the selection controller selects that first data sample as

the next data sample.

21. (previously presented) The apparatus of claim 13 wherein if multiple data

edge transitions are detected by the edge detector and they correspond to different

data samples, then the selection controller selects the first data sample to

correspond with to the ideal data sample location.

22. The apparatus of claim 13 further comprising:

a storage device to maintaining a list of the M previous selected data

samples, where M is an integer value.

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two equally likely data sample locations, the selection controller selects the first data

sample location that was most recently selected in previous cycles.

24. (previously presented) A machine-readable medium having one or more

instructions to perform data recovery, which when executed by a processor, causes

the processor to perform operations comprising:

sampling each data unit in a data stream N times, where N is an integer

value, at different locations along each data unit, to obtain multiple data samples per

data unit;

detecting edge transitions between adjacent data samples; and

selecting a first data sample representative of the current data unit based on

the location of edge transitions over the previous and current data units and the

location of an ideal current data sample to perform data recovery.

25. (previously presented) The machine-readable medium of claim 24

wherein the representative first data sample is selected to lie in the direction of the

mid-point between a first detected edge and a next expected edge and yet is

adjacent to, or equal to, the ideal current data sample location within the current data

unit cycle.

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27. (previously presented) The machine-readable medium of claim 24 wherein if only one edge transition is detected, then that edge transition determines the selected first data sample to be a sample which lies in the direction of the midpoint between the detected edge transition and a next expected edge transition and a distance of -1, 0, or +1 samples from the ideal current data sample location, whichever is closest to the mid-point.

28. (previously presented) The machine-readable medium of claim 24 wherein if multiple edge transitions are detected and all correspond to the same data sample, then that data sample is selected as the first data sample.

29. (previously presented) The machine-readable medium of claim 24 wherein if multiple data edge transitions are detected and they correspond to different edge transitions, then the selected first data sample is at the same location as the ideal current data sample.

30. (previously presented) The machine-readable medium of claim 24 wherein selecting the first data sample, as between two equally likely data sample

locations, the data sample location most recently selected in previous cycles is

chosen as the first data sample location.

31. (previously presented) An apparatus comprising:

a sampling means for sampling data units of a serial data stream N times at

different points in each data unit, where N is an integer value;

an edge detecting means coupled to the sampling means, the edge detecting

means for detecting edge transitions between consecutive data unit samples; and

a selection means coupled to the edge detector, the selection means for

receiving detected edge transitions from the edge detector and select a first data

sample to represent a current data unit.

32. (previously presented) The apparatus of claim 31 wherein the first data

sample is located within a current data unit cycle and a distance of N-1 to N+1

samples from a previously selected second data sample in a previous data unit

cycle.

33. (previously presented) The apparatus of claim 31 wherein the selection

means selects the first data sample based on a first edge transition for either the

previous or current data cycles, whichever edge transition is closest to an ideal

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current data sample.

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